Performance of iRODS

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Topics

Data transfer performance

Metadata catalog performance

Rule engine performance

High performance systems

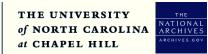














Data Transfer

Independent assessments published at

https://www.irods.org/index.php/Performance

- Assessments are dependent upon:
 - Storage systems
 - TCP/IP tuning
 - Network bandwidth headroom
 - Choice of protocol
 - System load







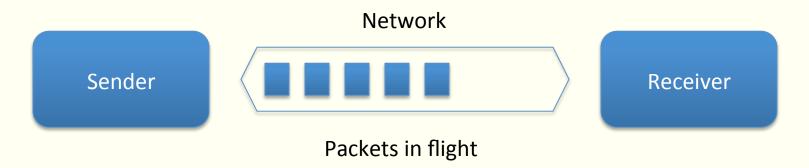






Observations

- Performance is driven by whether the network pipe can be filled
 - Require enough messages in flight that there is no additional delay caused by waiting for an acknowledgement packet



















Optimizations

- For small files, encapsulate data in request to send
 - File size less than 32 MegaBytes
- For large files, use parallel I/O streams
 - N Numthreads option on iPut
 - Set window size for number of messages in flight
- For reliable networks, can use RBUDP
 - Reliable Blast UDP limited to a maximum of 1000 tries on network disconnect
- Caveats
 - iRODS can keep track of progress, and restart transmission after network disconnect
 - Users in the iPlant Collaborative have moved 2.5 TeraByte files over the network













Transfer Rates

- https://www.irods.org/index.php/Lyon-KEK
 - Describe transfer from KEK, Japan to Lyon, France
 - Achieved transfer rates between 10-45 MB/sec for moving a 1 GB file with window size of 4 MB and 16 I/O streams
- Typically observe best performance when
 - Use 2 I/O streams
 - Send multiple files in parallel (multiple iput commands)













iCAT Performance

https://www.irods.org/index.php/File:rt1.png

Observe

- Time to ingest a 100-byte file varied from 10 milliseconds to 45 milliseconds as number of files in collection increased to 10 million
- Tests done on pre-iRODS release 1.0

Optimizations:

- Index the database periodically
- Distribute load across multiple databases













Rule Engine Performance

Tested time to execute rules on my Mac

- Ran Ubuntu in a Virtual Box emulator on 2.53 GHz
 Mac Book Pro Intel Core i5
- iRODS version 3.0

Computed time to:

- Execute a simple micro-service within the rule engine
- Make a database query
- Loop over logic needed for a production quality rule

Compared results to disk spin latency time

11 milliseconds

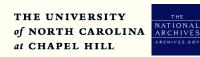














Production Integrity Rule

- Verify all input parameters for consistency.
- Query the iRODS metadata catalog to retrieve status information
- Verify the integrity of each file in a collection
- Update all replicas to the most recent version.
- Minimize the load on production services through a deadline scheduler
- Differentiate between the logical name for a file and the physical replica locations.
- Identify all missing replicas and document their lack.
- Create new replicas to replace missing replicas.
- Implement load leveling to distribute the new replicas across the storage systems
- Create a log file that records all repair operations performed upon the collection.
- Track progress of the policy execution.
- Initialize the rule for the first execution.
- Enable restart of the process from the last set of checked files in case of a system halt.
- Manipulate files in batches of 256 files at a time to handle arbitrarily large collections.
- Minimize the number of sleep periods used by the deadline scheduler.
- Include the checking of new files that have been added during the execution of the policy
- Write out statistics about the effective execution rate, and the number of files checked.



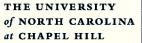
















Find Where Replicas are Stored

```
# get all replica numbers for this file
    msiMakeGenQuery("DATA_REPL_NUM,DATA_CHECKSUM,DATA_RESC_NAME", "COLL_NAME =
'*Colln' and DATA_NAME = '*Name'", *GenQInp4);
    msiExecGenQuery(*GenQInp4, *GenQOut4);
    *Numr = 0;
    *Ulist = *Ulist0:
   foreach(*GenQOut4) {
     *Numr = *Numr + 1:
     msiGetValByKey(*GenQOut4, "DATA REPL NUM", *Repln);
     msiGetValByKey(*GenQOut4, "DATA CHECKSUM", *Chk);
     msiGetValByKey(*GenQOut4, "DATA RESC NAME", *Rescn);
     msiDataObjChksum("*Colln/*Name", "replNum=*Repln++++forceChksum=", *Chkf);
     if(int(*Chk) == 0) {
     *Chk = *Chkf;
```













Workflow Operations Used

- Arithmetic (+, -, *, /)
- Boolean tests (==, !=, &&, | |, >, <, >=)
- Conditional statements
 - if / then / else
- Control
 - break / fail
- Loops
 - for / foreach / while
- List manipulation
 - initialization / list addition (cons) / extracting an element from a list (elem) / updating an element in a list (setelem)
- Variable manipulation
 - initialization / type conversion (int, double, str)

















Micro-services Used

Metadata catalog manipulation

msiGetValByKey

msiExecStrCondQuery

msiString2KeyValPair

msiAssociateKeyValuePairsToObj

msiMakeGenQuery

msiExecGenQuery

msiCloseGenQuery

msiGetContInxFromGenQueryOut

msiRemoveKeyValuePairsFromObj

msiGetMoreRows

get metadata from structure

execute string conditional query

convert string to key-value pair

add metadata

create a query

execute a query

release query buffers

check for more rows

remove metadata

get more rows from query



















Micro-services Used

Data and directory manipulation

msilsColl

msiCollCreate

msiDataObjCreate

msiDataObjRepl

msiDataObjChksum

msiDataObjUnlink

check whether name is a collection

create a collection

create a file

replicate a file

checksum a file

delete a file

System functions

msiGetSystemTime

writeline

msiSleep

get the system time

write a line to a file or standard out

sleep



















Times:

- Initiate rule engine and loop over a counter
 - 35 micro-seconds
- Query metadata catalog
 - 714 micro-seconds
- Query metadata catalog, return results in batches of 256 rows, extract metadata from each row
 - 155 micro-seconds













Production Rule Timing

- Validate integrity of each file
 - Calculate checksum and compare to value in iCAT
- Identify missing replicas
 - Replace missing files, load leveling across storage systems
- Write log file, track progress, enable restart
- Required query to iCAT for each file
 - Time per file was 6.3 milliseconds with no checksum
 - Time per file was 18.8 milliseconds with checksum













High Performance Systems

- Performance depends upon the server used to support the metadata catalog
 - PGPool to distribute load across multiple servers

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- Includes virtual machine environment within the storage controller
- Run iRODS and iCAT within the storage controller
- Target is > 2000 files ingested per second.
- Depends on using distributed database running in multiple virtual machines











